

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## White Grease

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

**Product name** White Grease  
**Product number** WG10+ 0505

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Identified uses** LITHIUM GREASE PC24 Lubricants, greases, release products

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

**Supplier** Aerosol Solutions Ltd  
 Unit C2 Bridgefield Ind Est  
 Draycott Road  
 Breaston  
 Derby  
 DE72 3DS  
 T 01332 870030  
 F 01332 870033  
 sales@aerosolsolutions.co.uk

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

**Emergency telephone** 01332 870 030

### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

##### Classification (EC 1272/2008)

**Physical hazards** Aerosol 1 - H222, H229  
**Health hazards** Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 STOT SE 3 - H336  
**Environmental hazards** Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411

**Human health** Gas or vapour is harmful on prolonged exposure or in high concentrations. In high concentrations, vapours and aerosol mists have a narcotic effect and may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea. Deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents of this container is dangerous and can be fatal.

**Environmental** This product contains substances which are very toxic or toxic to aquatic organisms and may cause long term effects to the aquatic environment (see sections 2 and 12)

**Physicochemical** Aerosol containers can explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. The product is extremely flammable. When sprayed on a naked flame or any incandescent material the aerosol vapours can be ignited.

#### 2.2. Label elements

##### Pictogram



**Signal word**

**Danger**

## White Grease

<b>Hazard statements</b>	H222 Extremely flammable aerosol. H229 Pressurised container: may burst if heated. H315 Causes skin irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
<b>Precautionary statements</b>	P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use. P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. P102 Keep out of reach of children. P260 Do not breathe vapour/ spray. P262 Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with local regulations.
<b>Contains</b>	HYDROCARBONS, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane

### 2.3. Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.2. Mixtures

<b>PETROLEUM GASES, LIQUEFIED; PETROLEUM GAS</b>	<b>30-60%</b>
CAS number: 68476-85-7                      EC number: 270-704-2	
<b>Classification</b> Flam. Gas 1 - H220 Press. Gas (Liq.) - H280	
<b>HYDROCARBONS, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, &lt;5% n-hexane</b>	<b>10-30%</b>
CAS number: —                                      EC number: 921-024-6                                      REACH registration number: 01-2119475514-35	
<b>Classification</b> Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 STOT SE 3 - H336 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304 Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411	
<b>ZINC OXIDE</b>	<b>5-10%</b>
CAS number: 1314-13-2                      EC number: 215-222-5                                      REACH registration number: 01-2119463881-32	
M factor (Acute) = 1                                      M factor (Chronic) = 1	
<b>Classification</b> Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410	

## White Grease

<b>HEXANE-norm</b>		<b>&lt;1%</b>
CAS number: 110-54-3	EC number: 203-777-6	REACH registration number: 01-2119480412-44
<b>Classification</b>		
Flam. Liq. 2 - H225		
Skin Irrit. 2 - H315		
Repr. 2 - H361f		
STOT SE 3 - H336		
STOT RE 2 - H373		
Asp. Tox. 1 - H304		
Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411		

The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.

### SECTION 4: First aid measures

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

<b>General information</b>	Move affected person to fresh air at once.
<b>Inhalation</b>	If spray/mist has been inhaled, proceed as follows. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If breathing stops, provide artificial respiration. Keep affected person warm and at rest. Get medical attention immediately.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Do not induce vomiting. Get medical attention.
<b>Skin contact</b>	Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water.
<b>Eye contact</b>	Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes and get medical attention.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

<b>General information</b>	The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.
----------------------------	---

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

<b>Notes for the doctor</b>	Treat symptomatically.
-----------------------------	------------------------

### SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

<b>Suitable extinguishing media</b>	Extinguish with foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog.
-------------------------------------	--

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

<b>Specific hazards</b>	Extremely flammable. Forms explosive mixtures with air. Vapours are heavier than air and may spread near ground and travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up.
-------------------------	---

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

<b>Protective actions during firefighting</b>	Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Use water to keep fire exposed containers cool and disperse vapours. Warn firefighters that aerosols are involved.
---	--

### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

## White Grease

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

**Personal precautions** Provide adequate ventilation. Use suitable respiratory protection if ventilation is inadequate. Avoid inhalation of vapours.

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

**Environmental precautions** Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses. Contain spillage with sand, earth or other suitable non-combustible material.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

**Methods for cleaning up** Eliminate all sources of ignition. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Provide adequate ventilation. Absorb spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material. Leave small quantities to evaporate, if safe to do so. Do not allow material to enter confined spaces, due to the risk of explosion.

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

**Reference to other sections** For personal protection, see Section 8. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

**Usage precautions** Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Eliminate all sources of ignition. Do not spray on a naked flame or any incandescent material.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

**Storage precautions** Store in tightly-closed, original container in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.

### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

**Specific end use(s)** The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

## SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

#### **PETROLEUM GASES, LIQUEFIED; PETROLEUM GAS**

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 1000 ppm 1750 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 1250 ppm 2180 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

#### **HYDROCARBONS, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane**

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 1200 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

#### **HEXANE-norm**

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 20 ppm 72 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit

**Ingredient comments** WEL = Workplace Exposure Limits

### 8.2. Exposure controls

**Appropriate engineering controls** Provide adequate ventilation. Avoid inhalation of vapours and spray/mists. Observe any occupational exposure limits for the product or ingredients.

**Personal protection** When using do not smoke.

**Eye/face protection** Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible. The following protection should be worn: Chemical splash goggles.

## White Grease

<b>Hand protection</b>	Due to the packaging form, aerosol, risk of skin contact is small. Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. It is recommended that gloves are made of the following material: Nitrile rubber. Polyvinyl alcohol (PVA). Viton rubber (fluoro rubber). The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material.
<b>Hygiene measures</b>	Wash hands after handling. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Use appropriate hand lotion to prevent defatting and cracking of skin.
<b>Respiratory protection</b>	If ventilation is inadequate, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

### SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<b>Appearance</b>	Aerosol.
<b>Colour</b>	White.
<b>Odour</b>	Organic solvents.
<b>Initial boiling point and range</b>	-40 to -2°C @ 1013 hPa
<b>Flash point</b>	<-40°C
<b>Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits</b>	Lower flammable/explosive limit: 1.8% Upper flammable/explosive limit: 9.5%
<b>Vapour pressure</b>	ca. 590 to 1760 kPa @ 45°C
<b>Vapour density</b>	ca. 1.5 at 15°C
<b>Auto-ignition temperature</b>	410-580°C
<b>Comments</b>	Information given is applicable to the major ingredient.

#### 9.2. Other information

<b>Other information</b>	Not available.
<b>Volatile organic compound</b>	This product contains a maximum VOC content of 410 g/l.

### SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

#### 10.1. Reactivity

<b>Reactivity</b>	Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended.
-------------------	---

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

<b>Stability</b>	Avoid the following conditions: Heat, sparks, flames.
------------------	---

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

<b>Possibility of hazardous reactions</b>	Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended.
---	---

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

<b>Conditions to avoid</b>	Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Avoid exposing aerosol containers to high temperatures or direct sunlight.
----------------------------	--

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

<b>Materials to avoid</b>	Keep away from oxidising materials, heat and flames.
---------------------------	--

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

## White Grease

**Hazardous decomposition products** Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended. Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Toxic and corrosive gases or vapours.

### SECTION 11: Toxicological information

#### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

**General information** Deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents of this container is dangerous and can be fatal.

**Inhalation** In high concentrations, vapours and aerosol mists have a narcotic effect and may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea. Unconsciousness, possibly death.

**Skin contact** Irritating to skin.

**Eye contact** Vapour or spray in the eyes may cause irritation and smarting.

**Acute and chronic health hazards** Arrhythmia (deviation from normal heart beat). Irritating to skin. In high concentrations, vapours and aerosol mists have a narcotic effect and may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea.

**Route of exposure** Inhalation

**Target organs** Central nervous system Respiratory system, lungs

**Medical symptoms** Skin irritation. Arrhythmia (deviation from normal heart beat). Narcotic effect. Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

#### Toxicological information on ingredients.

##### ZINC OXIDE

###### Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD<sub>50</sub> mg/kg) 5,000.0

Species Rat

###### Acute toxicity - inhalation

Acute toxicity inhalation (LC<sub>50</sub> dust/mist mg/l) 5.7

Species Rat

ATE inhalation (dusts/mists mg/l) 5.7

##### HEXANE-norm

###### Acute toxicity - dermal

Acute toxicity dermal (LD<sub>50</sub> mg/kg) 3,000.0

Species Rabbit

###### Acute toxicity - inhalation

Acute toxicity inhalation (LC<sub>50</sub> gases ppmV) 48,000.0

Species Rat

## White Grease

**ATE inhalation (gases ppm)** 48,000.0

### Serious eye damage/irritation

**Serious eye damage/irritation** This product may cause skin and eye irritation.

### Skin sensitisation

**Skin sensitisation** Not sensitising.

### Carcinogenicity

**Carcinogenicity** Dose level: 0.043, 900, 3000, 9016 ppm, , Rat Dose level: 0.039, 900, 3000, 9018 ppm, , Mouse Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

### Reproductive toxicity

**Reproductive toxicity - fertility** Fertility - 5000 ppm, , Rat Permanent testicular damage characterised by loss of germ-cell line.

**Reproductive toxicity - development** Teratogenicity: - Dose level:: 200, 1000, 5000 ppm, , Rat, Mouse Teratogenicity:, Maternal toxicity: - NOAEL: 200 - 1000 ppm, ,

### Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

**STOT - repeated exposure** LOAEL 3000 ppm, Inhalation, Rat

## SECTION 12: Ecological Information

**Ecotoxicity** This product has not been tested but contains ingredients which are toxic or very toxic to aquatic organisms and may cause long term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. During normal use the volatility of the components and the packaging form, pressurised container, make entry into the aquatic environment unlikely, however, do not empty or discharge into drains or watercourses. Ensure container is empty before disposal to prevent contents entering watercourses.

### 12.1. Toxicity

**Toxicity** Not available.

### Ecological information on ingredients.

#### ZINC OXIDE

#### Acute aquatic toxicity

**LE(C)<sub>50</sub>** 0.1 < L(E)C<sub>50</sub> ≤ 1

**M factor (Acute)** 1

**Acute toxicity - fish** LC<sub>50</sub>, 96 hours: >6 mg/l, Fish

**Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates** EC<sub>50</sub>, 48 hours: 2.2 mg/l, Daphnia magna

**Acute toxicity - aquatic plants** EC<sub>50</sub>, 72 hours: 0.17 mg/l, Algae

#### Chronic aquatic toxicity

**M factor (Chronic)** 1

#### HEXANE-norm

## White Grease

<b>Toxicity</b>	Not available.
<b><u>Acute aquatic toxicity</u></b>	
<b>Acute toxicity - fish</b>	LL <sub>50</sub> , 96 hours: 12.51 mg/l, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout) LC <sub>50</sub> , 96 hours: 2.1 -2.98 mg/l, Pimephales promelas (Fat-head Minnow)
<b>Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates</b>	LL <sub>50</sub> , 48 hours: 21.85 mg/l, Daphnia magna
<b>Acute toxicity - aquatic plants</b>	LL <sub>50</sub> , 72 hours: 9.29 mg/l, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

**Persistence and degradability** Not available.

#### Ecological information on ingredients.

##### HEXANE-norm

**Persistence and degradability** Not available.

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

**Bioaccumulative potential** Not available.

#### Ecological information on ingredients.

##### HEXANE-norm

**Bioaccumulative potential** BCF: 501, Bioaccumulation is unlikely.

### 12.4. Mobility in soil

**Mobility** Not known.

#### Ecological information on ingredients.

##### HEXANE-norm

**Mobility** Not known.

### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

**Results of PBT and vPvB assessment** Not available.

#### Ecological information on ingredients.

##### HEXANE-norm

**Results of PBT and vPvB assessment** This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.

### 12.6. Other adverse effects

**Other adverse effects** Not available.

#### Ecological information on ingredients.

##### HEXANE-norm

**Other adverse effects** Not available.



## White Grease

### SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

<b>General information</b>	Do not puncture or incinerate, even when empty.
<b>Disposal methods</b>	Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority. Containers should be thoroughly emptied before disposal because of the risk of an explosion. Empty containers must not be punctured or incinerated because of the risk of an explosion.

### SECTION 14: Transport information

**General** This product is packed in accordance with the Limited Quantity Provisions of CDGCPL2, ADR and IMDG. These provisions allow transport of aerosols of less than 1 litre packed in cartons of less than 30kg gross weight to be exempt from control providing that they are labelled in accordance with the requirements of these regulations to show that they are being transported as Limited Quantities. Aerosols not so packed and labelled must show the following.

#### 14.1. UN number

<b>UN No. (ADR/RID)</b>	1950
<b>UN No. (IMDG)</b>	1950
<b>UN No. (ICAO)</b>	1950
<b>UN No. (ADN)</b>	1950

#### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

<b>Proper shipping name (ADR/RID)</b>	AEROSOLS
<b>Proper shipping name (IMDG)</b>	AEROSOLS (CONTAINS HYDROCARBONS, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane, ZINC OXIDE)
<b>Proper shipping name (ICAO)</b>	AEROSOLS
<b>Proper shipping name (ADN)</b>	AEROSOLS

#### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

<b>ADR/RID class</b>	2.1
<b>ADR/RID classification code</b>	5F
<b>ADR/RID label</b>	2.1
<b>IMDG class</b>	2.1
<b>ICAO class/division</b>	2.1
<b>ADN class</b>	2.1

#### Transport labels



#### 14.4. Packing group

<b>ADR/RID packing group</b>	None
<b>IMDG packing group</b>	None
<b>ADN packing group</b>	None

## White Grease

ICAO packing group            None

### 14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant



### 14.6. Special precautions for user

EmS                                F-D, S-U

ADR transport category        2

Tunnel restriction code        (D)

### 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code    Not applicable.

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

**National regulations**            The Chemicals (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No. 716).

**EU legislation**                    Commission Regulation (EU) No 453/2010 of 20 May 2010.

**Guidance**                            Workplace Exposure Limits EH40.  
Safety Data Sheets for Substances and Preparations.  
Approved Classification and Labelling Guide (Sixth edition) L131.  
British Aerosol Manufacturers Code of Practice 7th. Edition 1999

### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

## SECTION 16: Other information

**Revision comments**            Supplemental information added.

**Revision date**                    19/06/2018

**Revision**                            4

**SDS number**                    12859

**SDS status**                        Approved.

## White Grease

### Hazard statements in full

H220 Extremely flammable gas.  
H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.  
H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.  
H229 Pressurised container: may burst if heated.  
H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.  
H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.  
H315 Causes skin irritation.  
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  
H361f Suspected of damaging fertility.  
H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.  
H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.  
H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.  
H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.